



Funded by the
European Union



SKUPINOVÁ MOBILITA: IES Ramon LLull, Avinguda de Portugal 2, 07012 Palma de Mallorca, Španělsko

TERMÍN: 18. 5. 2025 – 24. 5. 2025

PROJEKT: Our Planet, Our Responsibility: Learning from the Earth's Ecosystems for a Sustainable Future

Flora of Mallorca island

Mallorca is the largest of the Balearic Islands and has rich natural surroundings. Thanks to the warm Mediterranean climate, many different plants grow here. The island is home to **over 1,500 species**, some of



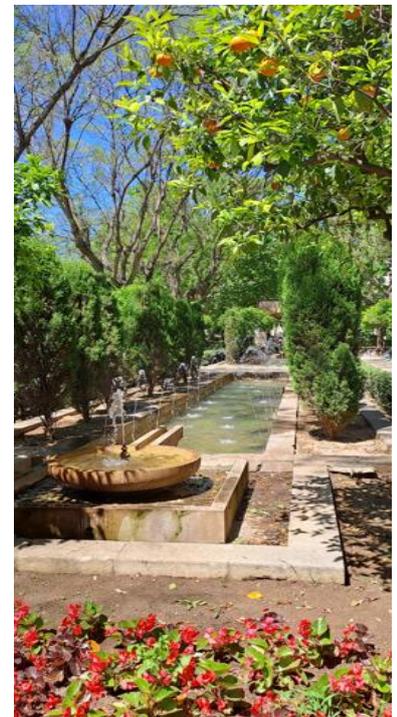
which cannot be found anywhere else in the world.



Olive trees, almond trees, and cypresses are typical for Mallorca. In the spring months, many trees are in bloom and the landscape is full of colours. These trees are also important to the local people.

Near the sea, **succulents** and **seagrasses** thrive, as they can tolerate salty water. Some plants are used in cooking or traditional medicine.

In the mountains, aromatic herbs such as **rosemary, thyme, and lavender** grow. Mallorca is also home to several species of wild orchids. Many species are **protected in national parks and botanical gardens**. The flora of Mallorca is beautiful, diverse, and very valuable for both nature and people.



Rare plants include, for example, the **Mallorcan oak** or the **peony**, which grows only here. These plants are protected by nature and scientists because they are unique and endangered.



Flowering plants are popular in private gardens and parks. These are not native to the island and are not common in the wild. They require garden care e.g. **hydra ngea, oleander, hibiscus, bougainvillea ...**

Author: Dominik Perat 9.C